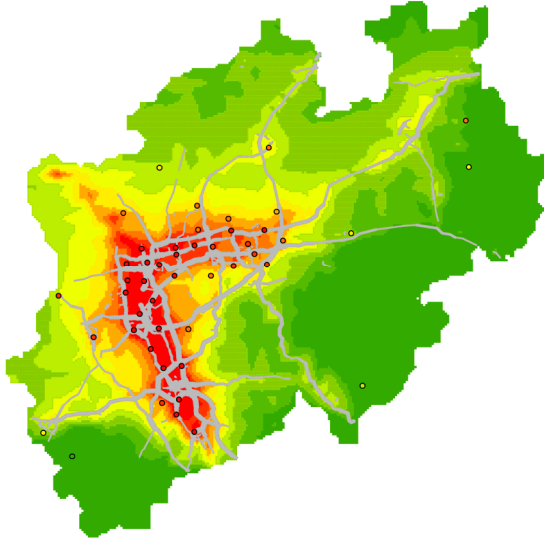


Analysis and visualisation of observational network data

FLADIS

is a program system for the analysis and visualisation of observational network data.

FLADIS calculates the spatial distribution of e. g. air pollutants from point measurements and model simulation runs. It combines interpolated measured data and modelling results for each time step for which data is available.



Concentration distribution, measurement points and road network with mean daily traffic.

Statistics

FLADIS provides statistics of the considered quantities, e. g. for air pollution concentrations:

- calculation of all characteristics listed in the EU Directive on ambient air quality, such as hourly, daily and annual means, exceedance frequencies and uncertainties

Export functions

- output of FLADIS results in GIS formats (ArcGIS, MapInfo)
- single or animated GIF files for e. g. a web-based presentation of your results

Automatic control

The add-on program FladisOnline enables FLADIS to evaluate observation data continuously. FladisOnline provides a dialogue box where dates to start and stop FLADIS may be defined individually.

Calculation bases

- inclusion of orography, time-resolved meteorology and emission structure
- uniform emission interface (EES) to calculate the emission structure of individual pollutants directly from emission inventories
- several interpolation schemes
- internal models: balance approach, linear statistical model
- external models: interfaces e. g. to LASAT, RCG, EURAD, IMMIS, TRAMPER

OI and data assimilation

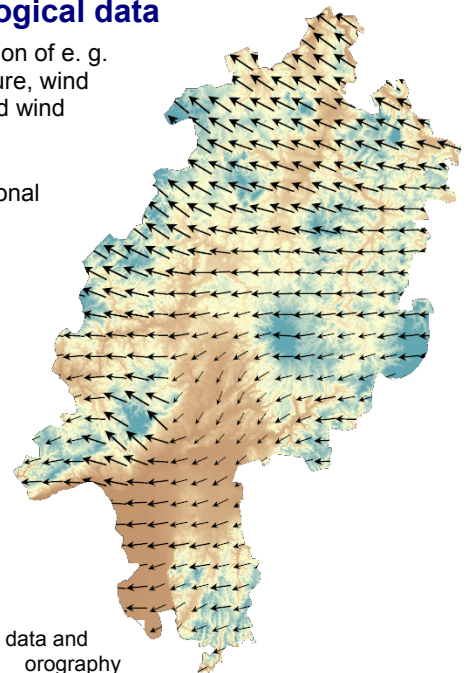
- Optimum Interpolation (OI) is a geostatistical method that adjusts modelling data to observations depending on the structural behaviour and influence of measurements
- OI is used for the spatial interpolation of point measurements
- OI is used for data assimilation to calibrate the model background fields prior to their combination with the interpolated measured data

Planning of observational networks

- planning and optimisation of observational networks using the statistical cross validation module
- cross validation results serve as an indicator for the quality of the calculated area values

Meteorological data

- visualisation of e. g. temperature, wind speed and wind direction
- data from observational networks
- data from external sources



Wind field data and orography



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Detailed information on FLADIS is available at www.fladis.de.
Information about IVU Umwelt GmbH is available at www.ivu-umwelt.de.

IVU Umwelt offers support in integrating FLADIS into your observational network as well as additional statistical evaluation and individual models for e. g. statistical forecasts.